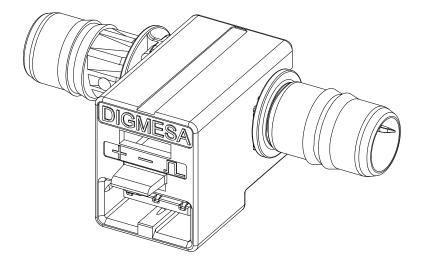
DATA SHEET





nano

Part number: 93N-6211/1100x

General Description

The nanowe Flow Sensor is a general-purpose device that has been specially designed for coffee machines that use vibratory pumps. The device is installed between the water tank and the vibration pump (on the suction side). This way measuring errors that arise during pulsating water flow caused by vibration pumps are minimized.

Specific applications: Doubled isolation (liquid/electronics) according to the standard IEC/EN 60335-1: 2001/2002 + A1: 04+A2: 06+A11: 04+A12: 06.

Approvals / Standards

EN55014-1:00+A1:01+A2:02, EN61000-6-3:01+A11:04, IEC61000-6-3:06(ed.2.0), EN61000-3-2:06, IEC61000-3-2:05(ed.3.0), EN61000-3-3:95+A1:01+A2:05, IEC61000-3-3:94+A1:01+A2:05(cons.ed 1.2), EN55014-2:97+A1:01, EN61000-6-1:01, IEC61000-6-1:05(ed.2), LFGB (EU 1935/2004, EU10/2011)

Materials (wetted)

Housing: PP (filled)
Bearing pin: PP
Nozzle: PP Ø 1.1 mm
Turbine: PVDF

Magnete: Ceramic Sr Fe O

Technical data:

Linear range: from 0.08 - 0.40 l/min
Durability: min. 3000 liters at 0.4 l/min
Resolution: 48'000 pulses/liter
Pressure loss: 0.31 bar (4.49 psi)

sucking at 0.40 I/min

Measuring accuracy: +/-2.0% *
Temperature range: $+0^{\circ}$ C to $+65^{\circ}$ C

Temperature range: $+0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+65^{\circ}$ 32°F to 149°F

Pressure range: -1 bar to 0.30 bar at 20° C

-14.5 psi to 4.35 psi /68°F

Mounting position: freely selectable

Nozzle size: Ø 1.1 mm

* Accuracy in the linear range for individually calibrated equipment

Electrical connection ratings:

Power supply: +3.0 to +20 VDC

Consumption: <8 mA

Signal connection: Open collector NPN

Signal voltage: 0 VDC GND

(saturation < 0.7 V)

Signal load: max. 20 mA Leakage current: max. $10 \mu A$

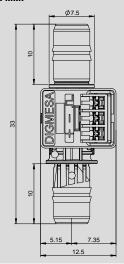
Connections: Pancon Hallcon plug

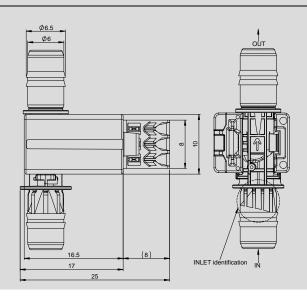
(contact cycles max. 5x)

Signal: Square-wave output

Duty Cycle: ~50%

Dimensions in mm:





Option:

Flow Sensor with Pancon Hallcon plug without cable item number: 93N-6211/11001





Flow Sensor with Pancon Hallcon plug with cable, length 250mm item number: 93N-6211/11002

We reserve the right to make modifications in the interests of technical progress.

RESISTANCE

Special regulations which must be complied with by the flow sensor manufacturer apply to each country, e.g. CE, NSF, FDA and SK. The various media flowing through the flow sensor differ from application to application. You are advised to enquire with the medium manufacturer as to whether the entire installation and the flow sensor are resistant to the medium itself (see material)!

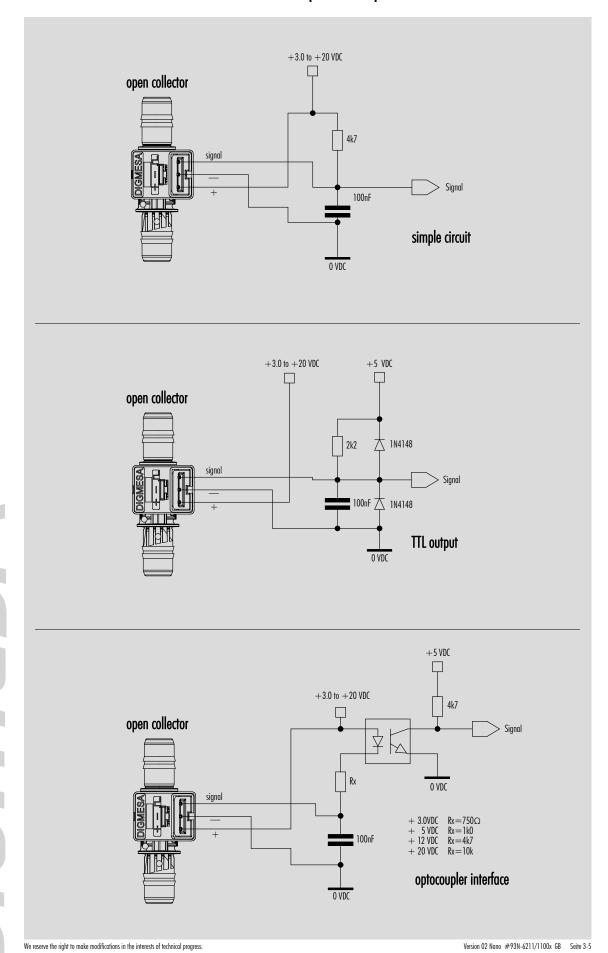
FIFCTRONIC

DIGMESA electronic circuitry is always designed for operation with DIGMESA flow sensors. Please note the following if connecting to other electronic circuitry:

- The flow sensor does not supply an output voltage but switches the signal terminal to 0 V ground (actuated) or leaves it open (non-actuated)
- ullet There must be a pull-up resistor between power supply + and signal depending on electronic circuitry!

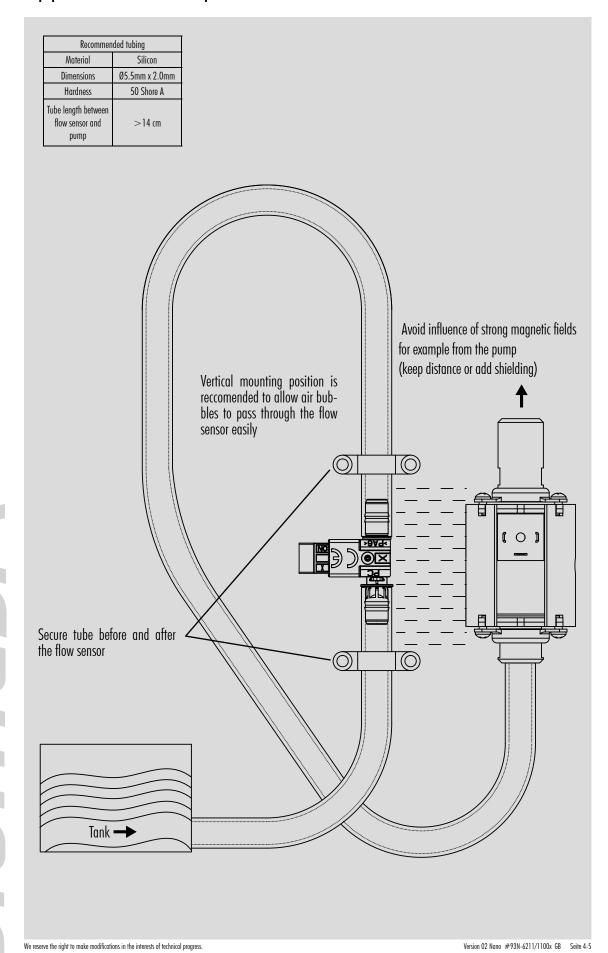
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Interface Connection: Examples Open Collector



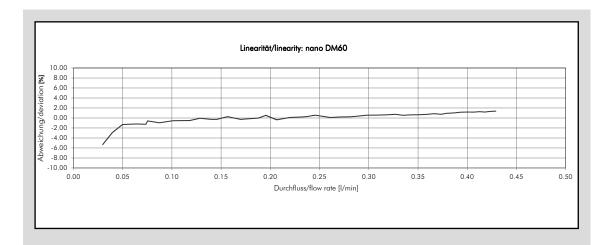
Digmesa AG, Keltenstrasse 31, CH—2563 Ipsach / Switzerland, Phone +41 (32) 332 77 77, Fax +41 (32) 332 77 88, www.digmesa.com

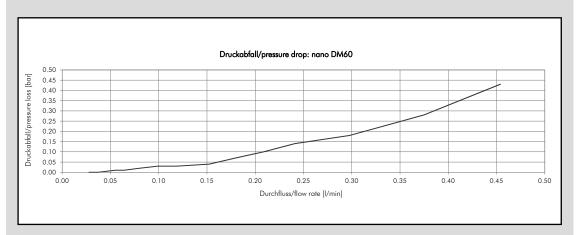
Application example for household coffee machines



Digmesa AG, Keltenstrasse 31, CH—2563 Ipsach / Switzerland, Phone +41 (32) 332 77 77, Fax +41 (32) 332 77 88, www.digmesa.com

Measurement Curve nano DM60





Medium: Water / Pressure: 1.0 bar

Nozzle size	Pulses/ Litres	ml/pulse	min. flow rate [l/min]	max. flow rate [I/min]	Pulse frequency [Hz] min/max
Ø 1.1 mm	48'000	0.020	0.08	0.40	64/320

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation. We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

MEASUREMENT TIPS

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Pay attention to the mounting position of the flow sensor
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flow sensor
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical voltage spikes
- Incorrect wiring of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flow sensor
- Do not load electrical contacts mechanically
- Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)

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